

Minimization of Multi-Valued Functions in Decomposition of a System of Completely Specified Boolean Functions

Yuri Pottosin, Eugeny Shestakov, Dmitry Sadnikov

United Institute of Informatics Problems of the National Academy
of Sciences,

Minsk, Belarus

The problem: Given a system of completely specified

Boolean functions $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})$ where

$$\mathbf{y} = (y_1, y_2, \dots, y_m), \mathbf{x} = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n),$$

$$\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) = (f_1(\mathbf{x}), f_2(\mathbf{x}), \dots, f_m(\mathbf{x})),$$

and a partition of set of arguments $X = \{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n\}$ into subsets Q, W and E ,

a superposition $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{g}(u, \mathbf{c})$, $u = h(\mathbf{d})$ where the components of \mathbf{c} are the variables from $E \cup W$ and the components of \mathbf{d} from $Q \cup E$ should be found with the following

restrictions:

$$e < |Q \cup E|, e + |W \cup E| < n,$$

where e is the minimum number of bits encoding the values of u .

System of functions $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})$ is given by matrices:

U is a ternary matrix whose rows represent terms of DNFs of the functions,

V is a binary matrix whose each column shows which terms belongs to DNF of a certain function.

$$U = \begin{array}{cccccc|c} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & x_4 & x_5 & x_6 & \\ \hline 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & - & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & - & - & 1 & - & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ - & 0 & 1 & 0 & - & 1 & 4 \end{array} \quad V = \begin{array}{ccc|c} y_1 & y_2 & y_3 & \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 4 \end{array}$$

$$Q = \{x_3, x_6\}, W = \{x_4, x_5\}, E = \{x_1, x_2\}.$$

$$\mathbf{d} = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_6), \mathbf{c} = (x_1, x_2, x_4, x_5).$$

To obtain $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{g}(u, \mathbf{c})$, $u = h(\mathbf{d})$ the technique of ternary matrix cover is used.

The family π of subsets of the set of rows of a ternary matrix U with n columns is called cover of U if for every binary vector \mathbf{b} of length n there is a subset in π containing all rows of U (ternary vectors) that absorb \mathbf{b} .

Matrix U is divided into matrices

$$U^1 = \begin{array}{cccc|c} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & x_6 & \\ \hline 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & - & - & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ - & 0 & 1 & 1 & 4 \end{array} \quad U^2 = \begin{array}{cccc|c} x_1 & x_2 & x_4 & x_5 & \\ \hline 1 & 1 & 1 & - & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & - & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ - & 0 & 0 & - & 4 \end{array}$$

The blocks of cover π^1 of U^1 and corresponding functions are

$$\begin{array}{ll} \pi^1_1 = \{1\}, & \pi^1_1(\mathbf{d}) = x_1 x_2 \bar{x}_3 \bar{x}_6; \\ \pi^1_2 = \{2\}, & \pi^1_2(\mathbf{d}) = \bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_2 \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \bar{x}_2 \bar{x}_6; \\ \pi^1_3 = \{3\}, & \pi^1_3(\mathbf{d}) = \bar{x}_1 x_2 \bar{x}_3 x_6; \\ \pi^1_4 = \{4\}, & \pi^1_4(\mathbf{d}) = \bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_2 x_3 x_6; \\ \pi^1_5 = \{2,4\}, & \pi^1_5(\mathbf{d}) = x_1 \bar{x}_2 x_3 x_6; \\ \pi^1_6 = \emptyset, & \pi^1_6(\mathbf{d}) = x_2 x_3 \vee \bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_2 \bar{x}_3 \vee \bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_6 \vee x_1 x_2 x_6. \end{array}$$

Multi-valued function $u=h(\mathbf{d})$ can be given by the following matrices:

$$\Psi = \begin{array}{cccc|c} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & x_6 & \\ \hline 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & - & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & - & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 6 \end{array}$$

$$\Omega = \begin{array}{c|c} u & \\ \hline 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 5 \\ 5 & 6 \end{array}$$

After simplification the looked for superposition is given by the following matrices:

$$\Psi = \begin{array}{cccc|c} & x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & x_6 & \\ \hline & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ & - & 0 & 1 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \quad \Omega^M = \begin{array}{c|c} u & \\ \hline 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 \end{array}$$

$$G^M = \begin{array}{cccc|c|cccc} & u & & & & x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & x_4 & \\ \hline & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & . & - & - & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & . & - & - & 1 & - & 2 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & . & - & - & 0 & - & 3 \\ & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & . & 1 & 0 & - & 1 & 4 \end{array} \quad H^M = \begin{array}{ccc|c} y_1 & y_2 & y_3 & \\ \hline 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \end{array}$$

Experimental results

Name	n	m	l	$ Q $	$ W \cup E $	$ E $	e	
							Method 1	Methods 2 and 3
Newtpla1.pla	10	2	4	6	4	0	3	3
					5	1	2	
					6	2		
					7	3	1	
Newtpla2.pla	10	4	9	6	4	0	3	3
					5	1		
					6	2		
					7	3	2	
alu1	12	8	19	9	3	0	9	9
					4	1	8	
					5	2	7	8
					6	3	6	
T3	12	8	152	7	5	0	4	4
					6	1	3	
					7	2	2	
					8	3		

B12.pla	15	9	431	8	7	0	6	6
					8	1	5	
					9	2	4	
					10	3	4	
In0.pla	15	11	138	9	6	0	6	6
					7	1	5	
					8	2	4	
					9	3	4	
T481	16	1	481	9	7	0	3	3
					8	1		
					9	2		
					10	3		
Ex7	16	5	123	9	7	0	8	8
					8	1	7	
					9	2	6	
					10	3		
Cordic.pla	23	2	1206	12	11	0	4	4
					12	1		
					13	2		
					14	3		